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Conformance Program Specification for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)

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80 1 Introduction

81 This document describes the program and technical requirements for the SAML conformance system.

82 1.1 Scope of the Conformance Program

83 SAML deals with a rich set of functionalities ranging from authentication assertions to assertions for policy
84 enforcement. Not all software might choose to implement all the SAML specifications. In order to achieve
85 compatibility and interoperability, applications and software need to be certified for conformance in a
86 uniform manner. The SAML conformance effort aims at fulfilling this need.

87 The deliverables of the SAML conformance effort include:

- 88 • Conformance Clause, defining at a high-level what conformance means for the SAML standard
- 89 • Conformance Program specification, defining how an implementation or application establishes
90 conformance
- 91 • Conformance Test Suite. This is a set of test programs, result files and report generation tools that
92 can be used by vendors of SAML-compliant software, buyers interested in confirming SAML
93 compliance of software, and testing labs running conformance tests on behalf of vendors or
94 buyers.

95 Section 2 of this document provides the SAML Conformance Clause. Section 3 deals with defining and
96 specifying the process by which conformance to the SAML specification can be demonstrated and certified.
97 Section 4 elucidates the technical requirements which constitute conformance; this includes both the levels
98 of conformance that can be demonstrated and the requirements for each of those levels of conformance.
99 Section 5 describes what a test suite for SAML should include. Section 6 defines the services that may
100 become available to assist in establishing conformance. Section 7 gives information for documents
101 referenced in this specification.

102 1.2 Notation

103 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD
104 NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "DOES", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be interpreted as
105 described in IETF RFC 2119 [RFC2119]:

106 *"they MUST only be used where it is actually required for interoperation or to limit behavior*
107 *which has potential for causing harm (e.g., limiting retransmissions)"*

108 These keywords are thus capitalized when used to unambiguously specify requirements over protocol and
109 application features and behavior that affect the interoperability and security of implementations. When
110 these words are not capitalized, they are meant in their natural-language sense.

111 2 Conformance Clause

112 The objectives of the SAML Conformance Clause are to:

- 113 • Ensure a common understanding of conformance and what is required to claim conformance
- 114 • Promote interoperability in the exchange of authentication and authorization information
- 115 • Promote uniformity in the development of conformance tests

116 The SAML Conformance Clause specifies explicitly all the requirements that have to be satisfied to claim
117 conformance to the SAML standard.

118 2.1 Specification of the SAML Standard

119 The following four specifications, in addition to this SAML conformance program specification, comprise the
120 Version 1.0 specification for the SAML standard:

- 121 • Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [**SAMLCore**]
- 122 • Security Considerations for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [**SAMLSec**]
- 123 • Bindings and Profiles for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [**SAMLBind**]
- 124 • Glossary for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [**SAMLGloss**]

125 The SAML Core document also references the schema definitions for SAML assertions and protocols:

- 126 • Assertion schema [**SAMLAssertion**]
- 127 • Protocol schema [**SAMLProtocol**]

128 Although additional documents might use or reference the SAML standard (such as white papers,
129 descriptions of custom profiles, and position papers referencing particular issues), they do not constitute
130 part of the standard.

131 2.2 Declaration of SAML Conformance

132 Conformance to the SAML standard can be declared either for the entire standard or for a subset of the
133 standard, based on the requirements that a given implementation or application claims to meet. That is,
134 requirements can be applied at varying levels, so that a given implementation or application of the SAML
135 standard can achieve clearly defined conformance with all or part of the entire set of specifications.

136 SAML conformance **MUST** be expressed in terms of which SAML bindings and profiles are supported by a
137 given application or implementation. The application or implementation claiming conformance to the SAML
138 standard **MUST** support the SOAP protocol binding for at least one assertion. An application or
139 implementation **MAY** also support the web browser profiles.

140 For any binding for which an application or implementation claims conformance, the level of conformance
141 **MUST** then be specified in each of these dimensions:

- 142 • Whether the application or implementation acts as producer, consumer, or both producer and
143 consumer of the SAML messages in the supported bindings and profiles.
- 144 • Which assertions the application or implementation supports for each supported binding.

145 Table 1 shows the protocols, protocol bindings, and profiles applicable to each SAML assertion. For each
146 SAML binding or profile to which an application or implementation claims conformance, the claim **MUST**
147 stipulate whether the producer and/or consumer roles are supported and for which assertions for those
148 roles.

149 For example, an implementation consisting solely of an Authentication Authority responsible for generating
150 Authentication Assertions and returning those assertions in response to a SOAP-over-HTTP request for

151 assertion would correspond to the cell in the third column of the second row (including the column title row).
 152 If the implementation also supported the return of the assertion in the Browser/Artifact profile, then the third
 153 column in the fifth row would also be supported.

154

Table 1: Protocol Bindings and Profiles for SAML Assertions

Binding or Profile	Consumer Role	Producer Role
SOAP over HTTP protocol binding	Send an Authentication Query to request an Authentication Assertion from a producer; consume the returned assertion.	Produce an Authentication Assertion; and return an AuthenticationResponse containing the assertion to the consumer.
	Send an AttributeQuery to request an Attribute Assertion from a producer; consume the returned assertion.	Produce an Attribute Assertion; and return an AttributeResponse containing the assertion to the consumer.
	Send an AuthorizationDecisionQuery to request an Authorization Decision Assertion from a producer; consume the returned assertion.	Produce an Authorization Decision Assertion; and return AuthorizationDecisionResponse containing the assertion to the consumer.
Browser/Artifact Profile	Receive an artifact corresponding to an Authentication Assertion; request the corresponding assertion; and consume the returned assertion.	Produce and send an artifact to a consumer; produce the corresponding Authentication Assertion; and on request containing the artifact, return the assertion to the consumer.
Browser/POST Profile	Receive a Single-Signon Assertion in a POST message and consume the assertion	Produce the Single-Signon Assertion

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156 An application or implementation should express its level of conformance in terminology such as the
 157 following:

158 [Application or implementation] as both producer and consumer supports all SAML protocol
 159 bindings and profiles, for all assertions and required elements. No optional elements for the
 160 assertions, bindings and profiles are produced.

161 [Application or implementation] as both producer and consumer supports the SOAP protocol
 162 binding for all assertions. It produces the Conditions optional elements for all assertions in the
 163 SOAP protocol binding. It does not support the browser profiles for any assertion.

164 [Application or implementation] as both producer and consumer supports the SOAP protocol
 165 binding for all assertions, for all assertions. It also supports the browser/artifact profile for
 166 Authentication Assertion and all required elements. No optional elements for the assertions,
 167 bindings and profiles are produced.

168 An application or implementation that claims conformance for a particular binding or profile MUST support
 169 all required elements of that binding or profile and of the assertions supported with that binding or profile. It
 170 MUST also state which assertions are supported and which, if any optional elements for that binding or
 171 profile and corresponding assertions are supported.

172 **2.3 Mandatory/Optional Elements in SAML Conformance**

173 The SOAP protocol binding **MUST** be implemented by all implementations or applications claiming SAML
174 conformance, for each assertion claimed as supported through a binding or profile. (See Appendix C:
175 Issues)

176 The SAML schema and binding specifications include both mandatory and optional elements. A conforming
177 application or implementation **MUST** be able to handle all valid SAML elements, including those that are
178 optional. However, it does not have to produce those optional elements.

179 For example:

- 180 • An application or implementation that consumes assertions must be able to handle assertions that
181 include the optional “condition” element, such as by rejecting any conditions that it does not
182 recognize.
- 183 • An application or implementation that produces assertions may, but is not required to, include the
184 optional “condition” element in those assertions.
- 185 • An application or implementation claiming support for an assertion must support the SOAP over
186 HTTP protocol binding. It can also, optionally, implement the protocol by means of another binding.

187 The test cases for SAML conformance are intended to check for support of all valid SAML elements. They
188 also check whether an implementation or application accepts and properly handles optional assertion
189 elements (such as CONDITION) whose value the implementation or application does not recognize.

190 **2.4 Impact of Extensions on SAML Conformance**

191 SAML supports extensions to assertions, protocols, protocol bindings and profiles. An application or
192 implementation **MAY** claim conformance to SAML only if its extensions (if any) meet the following
193 requirements:

- 194 • Extensions **MUST NOT** re-define semantics for existing functions.
- 195 • Extensions **MUST NOT** alter the specified behavior of interfaces defined in this standard.
- 196 • Extensions **MAY** add additional behaviors.
- 197 • Extensions **MUST NOT** cause standard-conforming functions (i.e., functions that do not use the
198 extensions) to execute incorrectly.

199 SAML bindings and profiles can be extended so long as the above conditions are met. It is requested that,
200 if a system is extending the SAML assertions:

- 201 • The mechanism for determining application conformance and the extensions **MUST** be clearly
202 described in the documentation, and the extensions **MUST** be marked as such;
- 203 • Extensions **MUST** follow the spirit, principles and guidelines of the SAML specification, that is, the
204 specifications **MUST** be extended in a standard manner as defined in the extension fields.
- 205 • In the case where an implementation has added additional behaviors, the implementation **MUST**
206 provide a mechanism whereby a conforming application shall be recognized as such, and be
207 executed in an environment that supports the functional behavior defined in this standard

208 Extensions are outside the scope of conformance. There are no mechanisms specified to validate and
209 verify the extensions. This section contains the recommended guidelines for extensions.

210 **2.5 Maximum Values of Unbounded Elements**

211 The SAML schema supports a number of elements that can be specified multiple times in an assertion,
212 request or response. An application or implementation claiming conformance **MUST** support at least the
213 values listed in Table 2 below for each of the elements defined as “unbounded” in the SAML schema. In

214 those cases where the maximum value is greater than the listed values, the application or implementation
 215 should state what that maximum supported value is.

216 However, some of the elements in the table can be nested, such that repeated elements have a
 217 multiplicative effect on the number of elements. For example, trees of nested unbounded elements include
 218 the following:

- 219 Response > Assertion > Signature
- 220 Response > Assertion > Advice
- 221 Response > Assertion > Condition > Target
- 222 Response > Assertion > Condition > Audience
- 223 Response > Assertion > Statement > SubjectConfirmationMethod
- 224 Response > Assertion > Statement > AuthorityBinding
- 225 Response > Assertion > Statement > Action
- 226 Response > Assertion > Statement > Attribute > AttributeValue

227 In a response containing 10 assertions, each with 10 AttributeStatements, each with 10 Attributes, each
 228 with 10 AttributeValues, this tree alone comprises 10,000 elements.

229 Therefore, in order to minimize the potential impact of nested unbounded elements, an application or
 230 implementation can limit the total number of elements supported in a given request, response or (when
 231 this is used in the POST profile) assertion to no more than 1000 total elements and still claim conformance
 232 to the SAML V1.0 specification.

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Table 2: Unbounded Elements

Element	Parent Element	Maximum Value
Statement	Assertion	1000
Signature	Assertion	1000
Condition	Assertion	1000
Audience	Condition	1000
Target	Condition	1000
Advice	Assertion	1000
ConfirmationMethod	SubjectConfirmation	1000
AuthorityBinding	AuthenticationStatement	1000
Evidence	AuthorizationDecisionStatement	1000
Actions	Action	1000
Attribute	AttributeStatement	1000
AttributeValue	Attribute	1000
RespondWith	Request	1000
AssertionArtifact	Request	1000
AttributeDesignator	AttributeQuery	1000
Evidence	AuthorizationDecisionQuery	1000
Assertion	Response	1000
StatusMessage	Status	1000
StatusDetail	Status	1000

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3 Conformance Process

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As discussed in the article “What is this thing called conformance” [NIST/ITL], conformance can comprise any of several levels of formal process:

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- **Conformance testing** (also called conformity assessment) is the execution of automated or non-automated scripts, processes or other mechanisms to determine whether an application or implementation of a specification deviates from that specification. For SAML, conformance testing means the running of (some or all) tests within the SAML Conformance Test Suite. Conformance testing performed by implementors early on in the development process can find and correct their errors before the software reaches the marketplace, without necessarily being part of either a validation or certification process.

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- **Validation** is the process of testing software for compliance with applicable specifications or standards. The validation process consists of the steps necessary to perform the conformance testing by using an official test suite in a prescribed manner.

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- **Certification** is the acknowledgment that a validation has been completed and the criteria established by the certifying organization for issuing a certificate have been met. Successful completion of certification results in the issuance of a certificate (or brand) indicating that the implementation conforms to the appropriate specification. It is important to note that certification cannot exist without validation, but validation can exist without certification.

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The conformance process for SAML is based on validation rather than certification. That is, no certifying organization has been established with the responsibility for issuing a statement of conformance with regard to an application or implementation. Therefore, an implementor who has validated SAML conformance by means of conformance testing MAY not legitimately use the term “certified for SAML conformance”. Until and if a certification process is in place, vendor declaration of validation will be the only means of asserting that conformance testing has been performed.

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The conformance process does not stipulate whether validation is performed by the implementor, by a third-party, or by the customer of an application or implementation. Rather, the conformance process describes the way in which conformance testing should be done in order to demonstrate that an application or implementation correctly performs the functionality specified in the standard. Validation achieved through the SAML conformance process provides software developers and users assurance and confidence that the product behaves as expected, performs functions in a known manner, and possesses the prescribed interface or format.

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The SAML Technical Committee is responsible for generating the materials that allow vendors, customers, and third parties to evaluate software for SAML conformance. These materials include documentation describing test cases, linked to use cases and requirements, included in this specification.

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The test cases can be used to create a test suite that can be run against an implementation to demonstrate any of the several levels of conformance defined in the conformance clause of the SAML specification. The SAML Technical Committee is not responsible for developing the test suite nor for testing of particular implementations.

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3.1 Implementation and Application Conformance

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SAML Conformance is applicable to:

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- Implementations of SAML assertions, protocols and bindings. These could be in the form of toolkits, products incorporating SAML components, or reference implementations that demonstrate the use of SAML components.

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- Applications that produce or consume SAML protocol bindings or that execute on SAML implementations (for example, using a SAML toolkit to support multi-domain single-signon)

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A conforming **implementation** MUST meet all the following criteria:

- 281 1. The implementation **MUST** support all the required interfaces defined within this standard for a given
282 binding or profile. It **MUST** also specify which assertions relevant to that binding or profile are
283 supported. The implementation **MUST** support the functional behavior described in the standard.
- 284 2. An implementation **MAY** provide additional or enhanced features or functionality not required by the
285 SAML Specification. These non-standard extensions **MUST** not alter the specified behavior of
286 interfaces or functionality defined in the specification.
- 287 3. The implementation **MAY** provide additional or enhanced facilities not required by this standard. These
288 non-standard extensions **MUST** not alter the specified behavior of interfaces defined in this standard.
289 They **MAY** add additional behaviors. In these circumstances, the implementation **MUST** provide a
290 mechanism whereby a SAML conforming application shall be recognized as such, and be executed in
291 an environment that supports the functional behavior defined in this standard.
- 292 A conforming **application** **MUST** meet all the following criteria:
- 293 1. The application **MUST** be able to execute on any conforming implementation.
- 294 2. If an application requires a particular feature set that is not available on a specific implementation, then
295 the application **MUST** act within the bounds of the SAML specification even though that means that the
296 application does not perform any useful function. Specifically, the application **MUST** do no harm, and
297 **MUST** correctly return resources and vacate memory upon discovery that a required element is not
298 present.

299 **3.2 Process for Declaring Conformance**

300 The following process is to be followed in declaring that an application or implementation conforms to the
301 SAML standard:

- 302 1. Determine which bindings and protocols will be asserted as conforming.
- 303 2. Implement the test suite for the conformance tests relevant to the conformance being claimed.
- 304 3. Validate the application or implementation by executing those conformance tests.
- 305 4. Send the statement claiming conformance to the Security Services Technical Committee so that it can
306 be posted on the SAML web site. A statement of any bindings and profiles which are being used that
307 are not part of the SAML standard should also be sent to the Security Services Technical Committee at
308 the same time for posting on the SAML web site.

309 4 Technical Requirements for SAML 310 Conformance

311 This section defines the technical criteria, which apply to declaring conformance to the SAML standard.
312 The requirements are specified as test cases, corresponding to the 10 possible subsets of conformance
313 defined in Table 1 above.

314 Each test case includes:

- 315 • A description of the test purpose (that is, what is being tested – the conditions, requirements, or
316 capabilities which are to be addressed by a particular test)
- 317 • The pass/fail criteria
- 318 • A reference to the requirement in the requirements document relevant to the test case
- 319 • A reference to the section in the standard from which the test case is derived (that is, traceability
320 back to the specification)

321 For each assertion, both required tests for producing and consuming the assertion, as well as tests related
322 to protocols, bindings and profiles are specified.

323 4.1 Test Group 1 – SOAP over HTTP Protocol Binding

324 The test cases in this test group check for conformance to SOAP Protocol Binding for the SAML standard.
325 Any implementation or application claiming conformance to SAML MUST be able to execute these test
326 cases successfully for the claimed assertion or assertions and role (producer or consumer), even if support
327 for this protocol binding is incidental to the primary purposes of the application or implementation.

328 4.1.1 Test Case 1-1: SOAP Protocol Binding: Implementation-Under-Test 329 Produces Valid Authentication Assertion in Valid Response to 330 Authentication Query.

331 *Description:* This test case requests and receives an authentication assertion created by an
332 implementation-under-test using the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms
333 that the authentication assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required
334 functionality.

335 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* Authentication assertion contains all required elements in the correct format and
336 sequence, AuthenticationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthenticationResponse
337 contains all required elements in correct sequence.

338 *Requirements Reference:* R-AUTHN, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

339 *Specification Reference:* SAML Core, sections 2.3, 2.4 and 3
340 SAML Bind, section 3.1.

341 *Implementation notes:* The implementation-under-test executes the authentication assertion producer role.

342 4.1.2 Test Case 1-2: SOAP Protocol Binding: Implementation-Under-Test 343 Consumes Valid Authentication Assertion, Requested in Valid Query

344 *Description:* This test case receives an authentication query created by an implementation-under-test using
345 the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It confirms that the returned authentication query
346 is valid for all required functionality. The test case returns an authentication assertion and confirms that the
347 assertion is consumed.

348 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* AuthenticationQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence;
349 authentication response and assertion are consumed.

350 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

351 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, sections 2.3, 2.4 and 3*

352 *SAML Bind, section 3.1*

353 *Implementation notes:* The implementation-under-test executes the authentication assertion consumer role.
354 It is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that assertion was
355 consumed.

356 **4.1.3 Test Case 1-3: SOAP Protocol Binding: Implementation-Under-Test** 357 **Produces Valid Attribute Assertion in Valid Response to Attribute Query.**

358 *Description:* This test case requests and receives an attribute assertion created by an implementation-
359 under-test using the AttributeRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the attribute
360 assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required functionality.

361 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* Attribute assertion contains all required elements in the right format and sequence,
362 AttributeQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AttributeResponse contains all required
363 elements in correct sequence.

364 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHZ**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

365 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, Sections 2.3, 2.4 and 3*

366 *SAML Bind, section 3.1.*

367 *Implementation notes:* The implementation-under-test executes the attribute assertion producer role.

368 **4.1.4 Test Case 1-4: SOAP Protocol Binding: Implementation-Under-Test** 369 **Consumes Valid Attribute Assertion, Requested in Valid Query**

370 *Description:* This test case receives an attribute query sent by an implementation-under-test using the
371 AttributeRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It confirms that the attribute query is valid for all required
372 functionality. The test case then returns an attribute assertion and confirms that the assertion is consumed.

373 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* AttributeQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence; attribute
374 response and assertion are consumed.

375 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHZ**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

376 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, sections 2.3, 2.4 and 3*

377 *SAML Bind, section 3.1*

378 *Implementation notes:* The implementation-under-test executes the attribute assertion consumer role. It is
379 up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that assertion was
380 consumed.

381 **4.1.5 Test Case 1-5: SOAP Protocol Binding: implementation-Under-Test** 382 **Produces Valid Authorization Decision Assertion in Valid Response to** 383 **Authorization Decision Query.**

384 *Description:* This test case requests and receives an authentication assertion created by an
385 implementation-under-test using the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms
386 that the authentication assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required
387 functionality.

388 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* Authorization decision assertion contains all required elements in the right format and
389 sequence, AuthorizationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthorizationResponse
390 contains all required elements in correct sequence.

391 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHZDECISION**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

392 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, Section 2.3, 2.4 and 3*

393 *SAML Bind, section 3.1.*

394 *Implementation notes:* The implementation-under-test executes the authorization decision assertion
395 producer role.

396 **4.1.6 Test Case 1-6: SOAP Protocol Binding: Implementation-Under-Test** 397 **Consumes Valid Authorization Decision Assertion, Requested in Valid** 398 **Query**

399 *Description:* This test case receives an authorization decision query created by an implementation-under-
400 test using the AuthorizationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It confirms that the received query is
401 valid for all required functionality. It returns an authorization decision assertion to the implementation-under-
402 test and confirms that the assertion is consumed.

403 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* AuthorizationQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence;
404 authorization decision response and assertion are consumed.

405 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHZDECISION**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

406 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, sections 2.3, 2.4 and 3*

407 *SAML Bind, section 3.1*

408 *Implementation notes:* The implementation-under-test executes the authorization decision assertion
409 consumer role. It is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that
410 assertion was consumed.

411 **4.2 Test Group 2 – Web Browser Profiles**

412 The test cases in this test group check for conformance to the HTTP Web Browser Profiles for the SAML
413 standard. Both the Browser/Artifact and Browser/POST profiles are optional. Any implementation or
414 application claiming conformance to the Web Browser/Artifact Profile of SAML MUST be able to execute
415 Test Case 2-1 successfully for the assertion producer role and/or Test Case 2-2 successfully for the
416 assertion consumer role. Any implementation or application claiming conformance to the Web
417 Browser/Post Profile of SAML MUST be able to execute Test Case 2-3 successfully for the assertion
418 producer role and/or Test Case 2-4 successfully for the assertion consumer role.

419 **4.2.1 Test Case 2-1: HTTP Web Browser/Artifact Profile: Valid Authentication** 420 **Assertion Produced in Response to Valid Authentication Query with Artifact.**

421 *Description:* This test case receives an artifact in a valid HTTP message from an implementation-under-
422 test. The test case confirms the artifact is valid for all required functionality. It then uses the artifact in the
423 SOAP protocol binding to request and receive an authentication assertion created by an implementation-
424 under-test corresponding to the artifact. It then confirms that the authentication assertion is valid for all
425 required functionality.

426 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* Authorization decision assertion contains all required elements in the right format and
427 sequence, AuthorizationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthorizationResponse
428 contains all required elements in correct sequence.

429 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

430 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, Sections 2.3 and 2.4*

431 *SAML Bind, section 4.1.1*

432 *Implementation notes:* Test program performs the destination site (consumer) operations for the profile;
433 implementation-under-test performs source site (producer) operations.

434 **4.2.2 Test Case 2-2: HTTP Web Browser/Artifact Profile: Valid Authentication**
435 **Assertion Request Corresponding to Valid Artifact Sent in valid HTTP**
436 **message.**

437 *Description:* This test case sends a valid artifact in a valid HTTP message to an implementation-under-test.
438 The test case then receives an authentication query containing the artifact from the implementation-under-
439 test. It confirms that the authentication query is valid for all required functionality, then returns the
440 authentication assertion to the implementation-under-test, and confirms that the assertion was consumed.

441 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* AuthorizationQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence.

442 *Requirements Reference:* **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

443 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, Sections 2.3 and 2.4*

444 *SAML Bind, section 4.1.1*

445 *Implementation notes:* Test program performs the source site (producer) operations for the profile;
446 implementation-under-test performs destination site (consumer) operations.

447 **4.2.3 Test Case 2-3: Web Browser/Post Profile: Valid Single Sign-on Assertion**
448 **Received in Valid HTTP POST.**

449 *Description:* This test case receives an HTTP POST message from an implementation-under-test
450 containing a Single Sign-on assertion and checks that the assertion is valid.

451 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* Authentication assertion sent by implementation-under-test **MUST** contain all required
452 information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including conditions)
453 **MUST** not compromise the validity of the required information.

454 *Reference:* **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

455 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, Sections 2.3 and 2.4*

456 *SAML Bind, section 4.1.2*

457 *Implementation notes:* Test program (consumer role) implementing this test case establishes successful
458 execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

459 **4.2.4 Test Case 2-4: Web Browser/Post Profile: Valid Single Sign-on Assertion**
460 **Sent in Valid HTTP POST.**

461 *Description:* This test case sends an HTTP POST message to an implementation-under-test containing a
462 Single Sign-on assertion and checks that the assertion is consumed.

463 *Pass/Fail Criteria:* Implementation-under-test allows access based on authentication assertion it receives
464 and consumes.

465 *Reference:* **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

466 *Specification Reference:* *SAML Core, Sections 2.3 and 2.4*

467 *SAML Bind, section 4.1.2*

468 *Implementation notes:* It is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to
469 validate that assertion was consumed.

470

5 Test Suite

471 A test suite, which is the combination of test cases and test documentation, is used to check whether an
472 implementation or application satisfies the requirements in the standard. The test cases, implemented by a
473 test tool or a set of files (i.e., data, programs, scripts, or instructions for manual action) checks each
474 requirement in the specification to determine whether the results produced by the implementation or
475 application match the expected results, as defined by the specification.

476 The test documentation describes how the testing is to be done and the directions for the tester to follow.
477 Additionally, the documentation should be detailed enough so that testing of a given implementation can be
478 repeated with no change in test results.

479 Conformance testing is black-box testing to test the functionality of an implementation. This means that the
480 internal structure or the source code of a candidate implementation is not available to the tester. However,
481 content and format of received or returned messages can be inspected as part of the determination of
482 conformance.

483 The test suite for SAML should consist of platform independent, non-biased, objective tests. Generally, a
484 conformance test suite is a collection of combinations of legal and illegal inputs to the implementation being
485 tested, together with a corresponding collection of expected results. Only the requirements specified in the
486 standard are testable. A test suite should not check any implementation properties that are not described
487 by the standard or set of standards. A test suite cannot require features that are optional in a standard, but
488 if such features are present, a test suite could include tests for those features. A test suite does not assess
489 the performance of an implementation unless performance requirements are specified in the specification,
490 although implementation dependencies or machine dependencies can be demonstrated through the
491 execution of the test cases.

492 The results of conformance testing apply only to the implementation and environment for which the tests
493 are run. Test suites can be provided as a web-based system executed on a remote server, downloadable
494 files for local execution, or a combination of remote and local access and execution. The method for
495 providing and delivering the test suite depends on what is being tested as well as the objective for test suite
496 use – that is, providing self-test capability or formal certification testing.

497

6 Conformance Services

498 The OASIS Security Services Technical Committee does not itself provide conformance services. As
499 SAML test suites become available and experience with SAML identified appropriate conformance testing
500 approaches, the Conformance Specification will describe the services which a conformance services
501 organization should provide, including software services, releases, self-test kit, actual computer systems,
502 facilities, web based interfaces, and availability.

503 7 References

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527 **Appendix A. Acknowledgments**

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554 **Appendix B. Notices**

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582 **Appendix C. Issues Relevant to** 583 **Conformance**

584 **Issue: Should any of the bindings or profiles be mandatory for all implementations or applications**
585 **claiming conformance to the SAML standard?**

586 Because of the importance of interoperability among implementations or applications claiming conformance
587 to the SAML standard, one of the recommendations in this version of the SAML Conformance Specification
588 is to require all implementations or applications to implement the SOAP binding for any assertions it
589 supports (including in other profiles). This ensures that 1) assertions created by the implementation or
590 application can be retrieved using the SOAP binding, either directly or by means of an artifact, and can be
591 inspected for validity; and 2) the ability of the implementation or application to consume assertions
592 generated by another SAML-compliant implementation or application can be verified.

593 Alternatively, no single binding or profile need be mandatory, as long as an implementation or application
594 claiming conformance is specific regarding which bindings and/or profiles it supports, with what assertions,
595 and for what roles (consumer / producer). This was the approach taken in the Conformance Specification
596 prior to version 006.

597 **Issue: Should the SOAP binding be mandatory?**

598 The SOAP binding is suggested as mandatory because it provides the most fully specified mechanism for
599 requesting and returning all three assertions.

600 **Issue: If the SOAP binding is mandatory, is it allowable to implement a subset of the assertions for**
601 **that binding?**

602 The current specification suggests that a subset of assertions for the SOAP binding (only the authentication
603 assertion, for example) is allowable as satisfying this mandatory binding.